

ARN -4464

E032737

FATCA Declaration for Entities

Details of ultimate beneficial owner including additional FATCA & CRS information

(Non Individual Form)

Name of the entity											
Address of the Registered office											
Pincode			State						Country		
City of incorporation											
Country of incorporation											

Please tick the applicable tax resident declaration -

1. Is "Entity" a tax resident of any country other than India Yes No

(If yes, please provide country/ies in which the entity is a resident for tax purposes and the associated Tax ID number below.)

Country	Tax Identification Number ⁸	Identification Type (TIN or Other ⁹ , please specify)

⁸In case Tax Identification Number is not available, kindly provide its functional equivalent or Company Identification Number or Global Entity Identification Number.

In case the Entity's Country of Incorporation/Tax residence is U.S. but Entity is not a Specified U.S. Person, you are required to submit Form W-9 and mention Entity's exemption code here

FATCA Declaration

(Please consult your professional tax advisor for further guidance on FATCA classification)

PART A (to be filled by Financial Institutions or Direct Reporting NFFEs)

1. We are a,
 Financial institution⁶
 or
 Direct reporting NFFE⁷
 (please tick as appropriate)

GIIN

Note: If you do not have a GIIN but you are sponsored by another entity, please provide your sponsor's GIIN above and indicate your sponsor's name below

Name of sponsoring entity

GIIN not available (please tick as applicable)
 Not required to apply for - please specify 2 digits sub-category¹⁰ and attach Form W8-BEN-E, duly filled in. W8-BEN-E attached Yes No
 Not obtained – Non-participating FFI

PART B (please fill any one as appropriate)

1. Is the Entity a publicly traded company ¹ (that is, a company whose shares are regularly traded on an established securities market)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> <small>(If yes, please specify any one stock exchange on which the stock is regularly traded)</small> Name of stock exchange _____
2. Is the Entity a related entity ² of a publicly traded company (a company whose shares are regularly traded on an established securities market)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> <small>(If yes, please specify name of the listed company and one stock exchange on which the stock is regularly traded)</small> Name of listed company _____ Nature of relation: <input type="checkbox"/> Subsidiary of the Listed Company or <input type="checkbox"/> Controlled by a Listed Company Name of stock exchange _____
3. Is the Entity an active NFE ³	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> <small>(If yes, please fill UBO declaration in the next section.)</small> Nature of Business _____ Please specify the sub-category of Active NFE <input type="text"/> <small>(Mention code – refer 2c of Part D)</small>
4. Is the Entity a passive NFE ⁴	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> <small>(If yes, please fill UBO declaration in the next section.)</small> Nature of Business _____

¹Refer 2a of Part D | ²Refer 2b of Part D | ³Refer 2c of Part D | ⁴Refer 1 of Part D | ⁷Refer 3(vii) of Part D | ¹⁰Refer 1A of Part D

1 Financial Institution (FI) - The term FI means any financial institution that is a Depository Institution, Custodial Institution, Investment Entity or Specified Insurance company, as defined.

- Depository institution: is an entity that accepts deposits in the ordinary course of banking or similar business.
- Custodial institution is an entity that has a substantial portion of its business, holds financial assets for the account of others and where the entity's gross income attributable to holding financial assets and related financial services equals to or exceeds 20 percent of the entity's gross income during the shorter of -

(1) The three financial years preceding the year in which determination is made; or

(2) The period during which the entity has been in existence,

whichever is less.

• Investment entity is any entity:

- that primarily conducts a business or operates for or on behalf of a customer for any of the following 3 activities-
 - Trading in money market instruments, foreign exchange, foreign currency, etc.
 - Individual or collective portfolio management
 - Investing, administering or managing funds, money or financial asset on behalf of other persons;

or

• The gross income of which is primarily attributable to investing, reinvesting, or trading in financial assets, if the entity is managed by another entity that is a depository institution, a custodial institution, a specified insurance company, or an investment entity described above.

• (An entity is treated as primarily conducting as a business one or more of the 3 activities described above, or an entity's gross income is primarily attributable to investing, reinvesting, or trading in financial assets of the entity's gross income attributable to the relevant activities equals or exceeds 50 percent of the entity's gross income during the shorter of:

(i) the three-year period ending on 31 March of the year preceding the year in which the determination is made; or

(ii) the period during which the entity has been in existence.

The term "Investment Entity" does not include an entity that is an active non-financial entity as per codes 03, 04, 05 and 06 - refer point 2c.)

- Specified Insurance Company: Entity that is an insurance company (or the holding company of an insurance company) that issues, or is obligated to make payments with respect to, a Cash Value Insurance Contract or an Annuity Contract.

• FI not required to apply for GIIN:	
A. Reasons why FI not required to apply for GIIN:	
Code	Sub-category
01	Governmental Entity, International Organization or Central Bank
02	Treaty Qualified Retirement Fund; a Broad Participation Retirement Fund; a Narrow Participation Retirement Fund; or a Pension Fund of a Governmental Entity, International Organization or Central Bank
03	Non-public fund of the armed forces, an employees' state insurance fund, a gratuity fund or a provident fund
04	Entity is an Indian FI solely because it is an investment entity
05	Qualified credit card issuer
06	Investment Advisors and Investment Managers
07	Exempt collective investment vehicle
08	Trustee of an Indian Trust
09	FI with a local client base
10	Non-registering local banks
11	FFI with only Low-Value Accounts
12	Sponsored investment entity and controlled foreign corporation
13	Sponsored, Closely Held Investment Vehicle
14	Owner Documented FFI

2. Non-financial entity (NFE) - Foreign entity that is not a financial institution

Types of NFEs that are regarded as excluded NFE are:

a. Publicly traded company (listed company)

A company is publicly traded if its stock are regularly traded on one or more established securities markets

(Established securities market means an exchange that is officially recognized and supervised by a governmental authority in which the securities market is located and that has a meaningful annual value of shares traded on the exchange)

b. Related entity of a publicly traded company

The NFE is a related entity of an entity which is regularly traded on an established securities market;

C. Active NFE : (is any one of the following):

Code	Sub-category
01	Less than 50 percent of the NFE's gross income for the preceding financial year or other appropriate reporting period is <i>passive income</i> and less than 50 percent of the assets held by the NFE during the preceding calendar year or other appropriate reporting period are assets that produce or are held for the production of <i>passive income</i> ;
02	The NFE is a Governmental Entity, an International Organization, a Central Bank , or an entity wholly owned by one or more of the foregoing;
03	Substantially all of the activities of the NFE consist of holding (in whole or in part) the outstanding stock of, or providing financing and services to, one or more subsidiaries that engage in trades or businesses other than the business of a Financial Institution, except that an entity shall not qualify for NFE status if the entity functions (or holds itself out) as an investment fund, such as a private equity fund, venture capital fund, leveraged buyout fund, or any investment vehicle whose purpose is to acquire or fund companies and then hold interests in those companies as capital assets for investment purposes;
04	The NFE is not yet operating a business and has no prior operating history, but is investing capital into assets with the intent to operate a business other than that of a Financial Institution, provided that the NFE shall not qualify for this exception after the date that is 24 months after the date of the initial organization of the NFE;
05	The NFE was not a Financial Institution in the past five years, and is in the process of liquidating its assets or is reorganizing with the intent to continue or recommence operations in a business other than that of a Financial Institution;
06	The NFE primarily engages in financing and hedging transactions with, or for, Related Entities that are not Financial Institutions, and does not provide financing or hedging services to any Entity that is not a Related Entity, provided that the group of any such Related Entities is primarily engaged in a business other than that of a Financial Institution;
07	Any NFE is a 'non for profit' organization which meets all of the following requirements: It is established and operated in its jurisdiction of residence exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, artistic, cultural, athletic, or educational purposes; or it is established and operated in its jurisdiction of residence and it is a professional organization, business league, chamber of commerce, labor organization, agricultural or horticultural organization, civic league or an organization operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare; It is exempt from income tax in India; It has no shareholders or members who have a proprietary or beneficial interest in its income or assets; The applicable laws of the NFE's jurisdiction of residence or the NFE's formation documents do not permit any income or assets of the NFE to be distributed to, or applied for the benefit of, a private person or non-charitable Entity other than pursuant to the conduct of the NFE's charitable activities, or as payment of reasonable compensation for services rendered, or as payment representing the fair market value of property which the NFE has purchased; and The applicable laws of the NFE's jurisdiction of residence or the NFE's formation documents require that, upon the NFE's liquidation or dissolution, all of its assets be distributed to a governmental entity or other non-profit organization, or escheat to the government of the NFE's jurisdiction of residence or any political subdivision thereof.

3. Other definitions

(i) Related entity

An entity is a related entity of another entity if either entity controls the other entity or the two entities are under common control For this purpose, control includes direct or indirect ownership of more than 50% of the vote or value in an entity

(ii) Passive NFE

The term passive NFE means any NFE that is

- not an Active NFE or publicly traded entity or a entity related to a publicly traded entity
- the gross income of which is primarily attributable to investing, reinvesting, or trading in financial assets, if the entity is managed by another entity that is a depository institution, a custodial institution, a specified insurance company, or an investment entity
- a withholding foreign partnership or withholding foreign trust as defined under the relevant U.S. Treasury Regulations.

(Note: Foreign persons having controlling interest in a passive NFE are liable to be reported for tax information compliance purposes)

(iii) Passive income

The term passive income means the portion of gross income that consists of-

- Dividends, including substitute dividend amounts;
- Interest
- Income equivalent to interest, including substitute interest and amounts received from or with respect to a pool of insurance contracts if the amounts received depend in whole or part upon the performance of the pool;
- Rents and royalties, other than rents and royalties derived in the active conduct of a trade or business conducted, at least in part, by employees of the NFE
- Annuities
- The excess of gains over losses from the sale or exchange of financial assets that gives rise to passive income
- The excess of gains over losses from transactions (including futures, forwards, and similar transactions) in any financial assets,
- The excess of foreign currency gains over foreign currency losses
- Net income from swaps
- Amounts received under cash value insurance contracts

But not passive income will not include in case of a non-financial entity that acts as a dealer in financial assets, any income from any transaction entered into in the ordinary course of such dealer's business as a dealer.

(iv) Controlling persons

Controlling persons are natural persons who exercise control over an entity and includes a beneficial owner under the PMLA Rules. In the case of a trust, such term means the settlor, the trustees, the protector (if any), the beneficiaries or class of beneficiaries, and any other natural person exercising ultimate effective control over the trust. In the case of a legal arrangement other than a trust, such term means persons in equivalent or similar positions.

Pursuant to guidelines on identification of Beneficial Ownership issued vide SEBI circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2013 dated January 24, 2013, persons (other than Individuals) are required to provide details of Beneficial Owner(s) ('BO'). Accordingly, the Beneficial Owner means 'Natural Person', who, whether acting alone or together, or through one or more juridical person, exercises control through ownership or who ultimately has a controlling ownership interest of / entitlements to:

- i. More than 25% of shares or capital or profits of the juridical person, where the juridical person is a company;
- ii. More than 15% of the capital or profits of the juridical person, where the juridical person is a partnership; or
- iii. More than 15% of the property or capital or profits of the juridical person, where the juridical person is an unincorporated association or body of individuals.

Where the client is a trust, the financial institution shall identify the beneficial owners of the client and take reasonable measures to verify the identity of such persons, through the identity of the settlor of the trust, the trustee, the protector, the beneficiaries with 15% or more interest in the trust and any other natural person exercising ultimate effective control over the trust through a chain of control or ownership.

Where no natural person is identified the identity of the relevant natural person who holds the position of senior managing official.

(A) Controlling Person Type:	
Code	Sub-category
01	CP of legal person-ownership
02	CP of legal person-other means
03	CP of legal person-senior managing official
04	CP of legal arrangement-trust-settlor
05	CP of legal arrangement-trust-trustee
06	CP of legal arrangement-trust-protector
07	CP of legal arrangement-trust-beneficiary
08	CP of legal arrangement-trust-other
09	CP of legal arrangement—Other-settlor equivalent
10	CP of legal arrangement—Other-trustee equivalent
11	CP of legal arrangement—Other-protector equivalent
12	CP of legal arrangement—Other-beneficiary equivalent
13	CP of legal arrangement—Other-other equivalent

(v) *Specified U.S. person – A U.S. person other than the following:*

- (a) a corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets;
- (b) any corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group, as defined in section 1471(e)(2) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, as a corporation described in clause (i);
- (c) the United States or any wholly owned agency or instrumentality thereof;
- (d) any State of the United States, any U.S. Territory, any political subdivision of any of the foregoing, or any wholly owned agency or instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing;
- (e) any organization exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code or an individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code;
- (f) any bank as defined in section 581 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code;
- (g) any real estate investment trust as defined in section 856 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code;
- (h) any regulated investment company as defined in section 851 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code or any entity registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-64);
- (i) any common trust fund as defined in section 584(a) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code;
- (j) any trust that is exempt from tax under section 664(c) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code or that is described in section 4947(a)(1) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code;
- (k) a dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any State;
- (l) a broker as defined in section 6045(c) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code; or
- (m) any tax-exempt trust under a plan that is described in section 403(b) or section 457(g) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code.

(vi) Owner documented FFI

An FFI meets the following requirements:

- (a) The FFI is an FFI solely because it is an investment entity;
- (b) The FFI is not owned by or related to any FFI that is a depository institution, custodial institution, or specified insurance company;
- (c) The FFI does not maintain a financial account for any non participating FFI;
- (d) The FFI provides the designated withholding agent with all of the documentation and agrees to notify the withholding agent if there is a change in circumstances; and
- (e) The designated withholding agent agrees to report to the IRS (or, in the case of a reporting Model 1 IGA, to the relevant foreign government or agency thereof) all of the information described in or (as appropriate) with respect to any specified U.S. persons and (2). Notwithstanding the previous sentence, the designated withholding agent is not required to report information with respect to an indirect owner of the FFI that holds its interest through a participating FFI, a deemed-compliant FFI (other than an owner-documented FFI), an entity that is a U.S. person, an exempt beneficial owner, or an excepted NFFE.

(vii) Direct reporting NFE

A direct reporting NFFE means a NFFE that elects to report information about its direct or indirect substantial U.S. owners to the IRS.